

Rittal

SK



Schalschrank-

Kühlgerät

Cooling Unit

Climatiseur

Koelaggregaat

Kylaggregat

Condizionatore

per armadi

Refrigerador

para armarios

クーリングユニット



SK 3203100

SK 3204100

SK 3205100

SK 3206100

CE

Montageanleitung

Assembly Instructions

Notice de montage

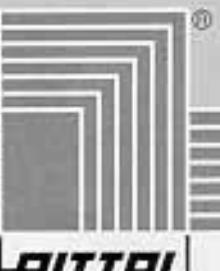
Montage-instructie

Montageanvisning

Istruzioni di montaggio

Instrucciones de montaje

取扱説明書



Umschalten auf Perfektion

RITTEL

English

Contents

1. Application
2. Technical data
3. Assembly
4. Electrical connection
5. Microcontroller adjustment
6. Technical information
7. Maintenance
8. Scope of supply and guarantee
9. Fault message and fault analysis
10. Spares list

1. Application

Enclosure cooling units are designed and built to dissipate heat from enclosures by cooling the air inside the enclosure and protecting temperature-sensitive components. Enclosure cooling units are particularly suitable for a temperature range of + 40 °C to + 50 °C.

Tab. 2.1 Technical Data

| | SK 3203100 | SK 3205100 | SK 3204100 | SK 3206100 |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Operating voltage | 230 V 50/60 Hz | 115 V 50/60 Hz | 230 V 50/60 Hz | 115 V 50/60 Hz |
| Rated current | 1.8 A/1.6 A | 3.5 A/3.6 A | 1.5 A/1.5 A | 3.5 A/3.8 A |
| Starting current | 2.7 A/2.8 A | 4 A/4.5 A | 1.9 A/2 A | 4.2 A/4.5 A |
| Pre-fuse T | 4 A/4 A | 6 A/6 A | 4 A/4 A | 6 A/6 A |
| Duty cycle | 100% | | 100% | |
| Power consumption L35 L35 | 275 W/280 W | | 285 W/290 W | |
| Useful cooling output DIN 3168/EN 814 L35 L35 | 350 W/360 W | | 320W/345 W | |
| Refrigerant | R134 a, 125 g | | R134 a, 150 g | |
| Temperature range | + 20 to + 50 °C | | + 20 to + 50 °C | |
| Noise level | 62 dB (A) | | 62 dB (A) | |
| Protection category EN 60 529 | | | | |
| Internal circuit | IP 54 | | IP 54 | |
| External circuit | IP 34 | | IP 34 | |
| Dimensions (W x H x D) mm | 270 x 520 x 120 | | 490 x 300 x 120 | |
| Weight | 13 kg | 15 kg | 13 kg | 15 kg |
| Colour | RAL 7032 | | RAL 7032 | |

2. Technical Data

(see table 2.1)

3. Mounting

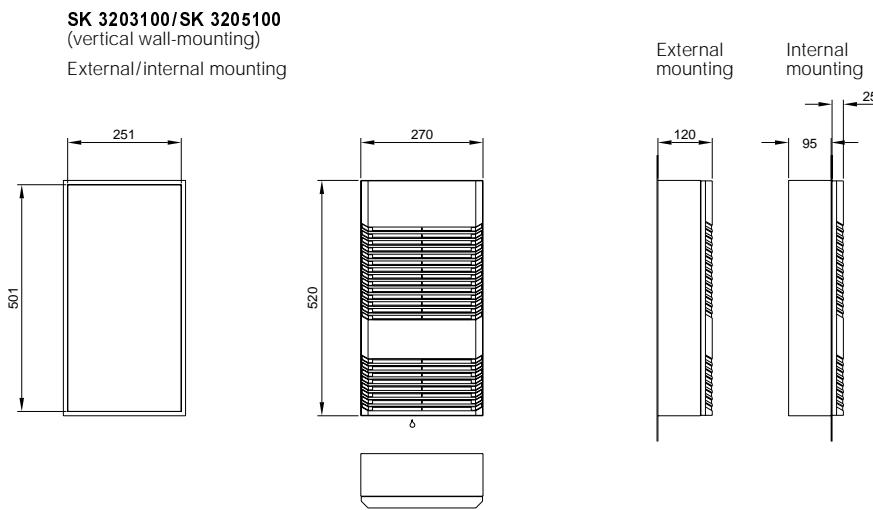
The cooling unit can be mounted as standard either to the outer surface or inside the enclosure, as required.

Cutouts and fixing holes should be made on the mounting surface in accordance with fig. 3.1. Cut the enclosed seal to the required length and attach to the unit in accordance with fig. 3.2. Screw the set screws, item ①, into the blind nuts and fix them by means of a bracket, item ②, washers, item ③, and nuts, item ④, in accordance with fig. 3.2. Attach the condensate drain (see 6.3).

Prior to mounting, ensure that:

- the site for the enclosure, and hence the arrangement of the cooling unit, is selected so as to ensure good ventilation;
- the location is free from excessive dirt and moisture;
- the round cut-out for air extraction is located in the upper area of the enclosure;
- the mains connection ratings, as stated on the rating plate, are available;
- the ambient temperature is no higher than specified on the rating plate;
- the packaging shows no signs of damage;
- the enclosure is sealed on all sides. Condensation will occur if the enclosure is leaky;
- the separation of the units from one another and from the wall should not be less than 200 mm;
- air inlet and outlet are not obstructed on the inside of the enclosure;
- units are only fitted vertically in the specified position. Max. deviation from true vertical: 2°;
- condensate discharge must be made up by means of the material provided in the dispatch bag. The discharge tube must be free from kinks and must be arranged sloping away from the unit;
- electrical connection and repair are carried out only by authorized specialist personnel. Use only original replacement parts!
- To avoid an increase in condensation, a door operated switch (e. g. PS 4127) should be used which will switch the cooling unit off when the enclosure door is opened.

Fig. 3.1 Mounting Cutout



SK 3204100/SK 3206100

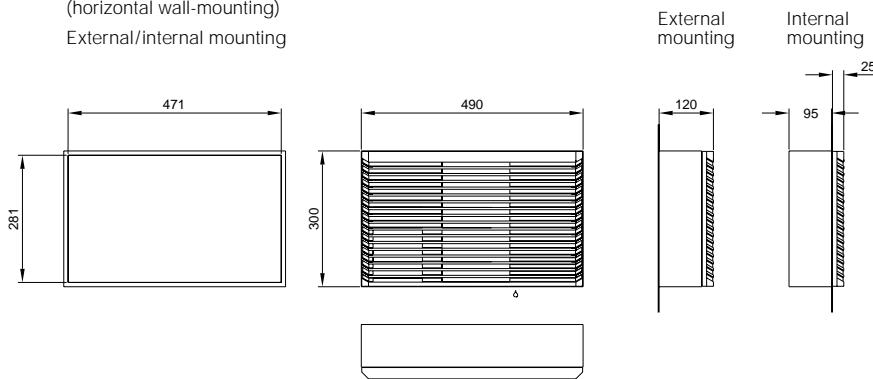
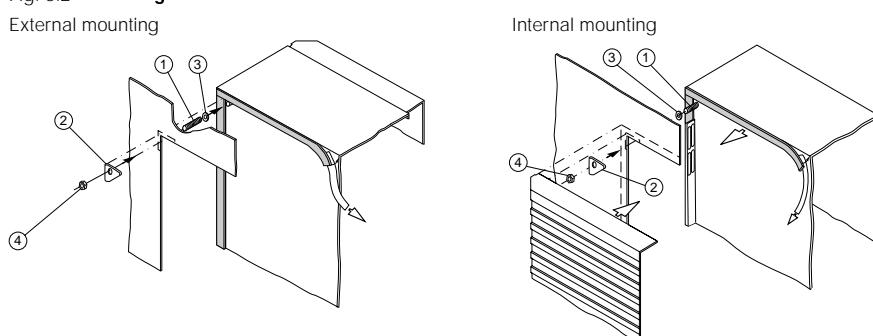


Fig. 3.2 Mounting



4. Electrical Connection

The connected voltage and frequency must correspond to the values stated on the rating plate. The cooling unit must be connected to the mains via an isolating device, which ensures at least 3 mm contact opening when switched off. The unit must not have any additional temperature control connected before it. Line protection should be provided by means of the pre-fuse specified on the rating plate. Observe the relevant regulations during installation!

Connect the mains connection to the plug-in terminal strip X10, see wiring diagram on page 17 (terminal L1, N, PE)

- Note! The cooling unit must only be connected via a suitable transformer to the rated voltage specified on the rating plate (see wiring diagram on page 19).
- Collective fault signal connection (terminal 3,4,5), see 5.1.2.
- Note the designations on the terminal strip (see wiring diagram).
- The unit must be disconnected prior to checking the protective earth conductor, high voltage and the insulation in the enclosure.

5. Microcontroller Adjustment

Following the completion of mounting and a waiting period of approximately 30 minutes (to allow oil to collect in the compressor in order to ensure lubrication and cooling) electrical connection can be made.

5.1.1 Control Behaviour

The cooling unit operates automatically, i. e. after electrical connection, the evaporator fan will run continuously to circulate the air inside the enclosure. This results in a uniform temperature distribution in the enclosure. The temperature setting is made on the potentiometer on the control board. The potentiometer becomes accessible after removal of the grille (without tools) and can be set within a range of + 20°C to + 55°C (factory setting + 35°C). For economic reasons (energy saving) the set-point value of the enclosure's internal temperature should be selected as low as possible. The microcontroller provides automatic control switch-off of the condenser and the liquefier fan about the set value of the fixed switching difference of 5 K. The minimum switch-off time of both condenser and liquefier fan is 3 minutes.

5.1.2 Collective Fault Message

The microcontroller monitors the following faults:

- Enclosure internal temperature too high.
- Sensor break.

If the internal temperature of the enclosure exceeds the set-point value by 10 K (switching hysteresis 2 K), the red LED will flash for about 100 seconds. If the high internal temperature continues beyond 100 seconds, the red LED will give a permanent light, the fault signalling relay will drop out.

The limits of the input temperature values are monitored via the microcontroller. In the event of a sensor break, the red LED will illuminate, the fault signalling relay will drop out, and the cooling unit will cool in continuous operation.

5.1.3 Fault Signal Contact (K1, potential-free)

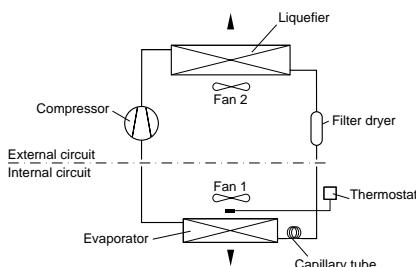
The fault signal relay is pulled in at normal condition. Any failure of the control voltage will also lead to drop-out of the relay and can thus be registered. The connection is made on the terminal strip X10. For contact data and assignment, see wiring diagram.

6. Technical Information

The cooling unit (compression refrigeration unit) consists of four main components: the coolant compressor, evaporator, condenser, and the choke, which are connected by suitable pipework. This circuit is filled with a readily boiling substance, the coolant. The R134 a (CH_2FCF_3) coolant is free from chlorine. It has an ozone destroying potential (ODP) of 0 and is therefore environmentally friendly. A filter dryer which is integrated in the hermetically sealed cooling circuit, provides effective protection against moisture, acid, dirt particles, and foreign bodies within the cooling circuit.

6.1 Operation of the Cooling Unit

Fig. 6.1 Cooling Circuit



The compressor takes the gaseous coolant from the evaporator and compresses it to a higher pressure in the condenser. During this process the temperature of the coolant rises above the ambient temperature and heat can be dissipated to the environment via the surface of the condenser. Then the coolant is liquefied and, by means of a thermostatically controlled expansion valve, returned to the evaporator, where it evaporates at low pressure. The heat required for complete evaporation is drawn from the enclosure interior causing it to cool down.

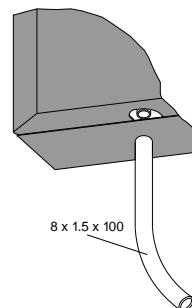
6.2 Safety Equipment

The cooling circuit of the cooling unit is intrinsically safe in accordance with DIN 8975. The coolant condenser and the fans are protected from excess current and excess temperature by thermal winding protection switches.

6.3 Condensate Drain

A drain pipe fitted to the evaporator divider panel ensures that any condensate which may form on the evaporator (at high air humidity, low temperatures inside the enclosure) is drained away from the bottom of the unit. For this purpose, a length of hose should be fitted to the condensate pipe connection piece (see fig. 6.2, if appropriate, remove the grille). The condensate must be able to run off freely.

Fig. 6.2 Condensate Discharge



6.4 General

Storage temperature: The cooling units must not be subjected to temperatures above + 70°C during storage.

Transport attitude: The cooling units must always be transported upright.

Waste disposal: The closed cooling circuit contains coolant and oil which must be correctly disposed of for the protection of the environment. The disposal can be carried out at Rittal-Werk.

Technical modifications reserved.

7. Maintenance

As a maintenance-free, hermetically sealed system, the cooling circuit has been filled in the factory with the required amount of coolant, and tested for leaks and subjected to a function trial run. The installed maintenance-free fans use ball bearings, they are protected against moisture and dust, and are fitted with a temperature monitor. The life expectancy is at least 30,000 operating hours. The cooling unit is thus largely maintenance-free.

All that may be required from time to time is that the components of the external air circuit are cleaned by compressed air. The use of a filter mat is recommended only if large particles of lint are present in the air, so that blockage of the condenser is prevented.

Caution: Prior to any maintenance work, the power to the cooling unit must be disconnected.

8. Scope of Supply and Guarantee

| |
|--|
| 1 cooling unit, ready for connection |
| 4 set screws M6 x 25 |
| 4 nuts M6 |
| 4 washers A 6.4 |
| 1 set of assembly and operating instructions |
| 1 drilling template |
| 1 sealing tape 10 x 5 |
| 4 clamps |
| 1 transparent hose 8 x 1.5 x 100 |

Guarantee:

This unit is covered by a 1-year guarantee from the date of supply, subject to correct usage. Within this period, the returned unit will be repaired in the factory or replaced free of charge.

The cooling unit is to be used for the cooling of enclosures only. If it is connected or handled improperly the manufacturer's guarantee does not apply and in this case we are not liable for any damage caused.

9. Fault Message and Fault Analysis

| Fault message | Cause | Remedy |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Red LED illuminates | Ambient temperature too high | Temperature limit has been exceeded |
| Fault signalling relay drops out | Internal air circuit too fast | Air inlets and outlets must not be obstructed |
| | External air circuit contaminated | Clean the heat exchanger module with compressed air |
| | Defective fan | Replace |
| | Defective condenser | Repair by refrig. expert (Rittal Service-Center) |
| | Lack of coolant | Repair by refrig. expert (Rittal Service-Center) |
| | Defective temperature sensor | Replace |

D Anschlußschema Microcontroller

| | |
|-------|------------------------------------|
| A1 | = Leistungsplatine |
| B1 | = Temperaturfühler Innentemperatur |
| C1-C2 | = Betriebskondensatoren |
| D1 | = Störmelde-LED rot |
| D2 | = Betriebs-LED grün |
| 1F1 | = Thermischer Wicklungsschutz |
| K1 | = Störmelderelais |
| M1 | = Verdichter |
| M2 | = Verflüssigerventilator |
| M4 | = Verdampferventilator |
| P1 | = Sollwertpotentiometer |

Kundenseitiger Anschluß:

| | |
|-----|---|
| X3 | = Anschluß Temperaturfühler |
| X10 | = Anschlußklemmleiste |
| X10 | = L1, L2/N, PE = Netzanschluß braun = L1 (Phase) blau = L2/N (Neutral) grün/gelb = PE (Erdung) |
| X10 | = 3, 4, 5 = Sammelstörmeldung |

GB Wiring Diagram Microcontroller

| | |
|-------|--------------------------------------|
| A1 | = Power PCB |
| B1 | = Temperature sensor, internal temp. |
| C1-C2 | = Operating capacitors |
| D1 | = Fault signalling LED red |
| D2 | = Operation LED green |
| 1F1 | = Thermal winding protection |
| K1 | = Fault signalling relay |
| M1 | = Compressor |
| M2 | = Condenser fan |
| M4 | = Evaporator fan |
| P1 | = Set-point potentiometer |

Electrical Connection by Customer:

| | |
|-----|--|
| X3 | = Temperature sensor connection |
| X10 | = Terminal strip |
| X10 | = L1, L2/N, PE = Mains connection brown = L1 (phase) blue = L2/N (neutral) green/yellow = PE (ground) |
| X10 | = 3, 4, 5 = Collective fault message |

F Schéma électrique Microprocesseur

| | |
|-------|--|
| A1 | = Platine de puissance |
| B1 | = Sonde te température, température intérieure |
| C1-C2 | = Condensateur de régime |
| D1 | = Diode d'indication de défauts, rouge |
| D2 | = Diode de fonctionnement, verte |
| 1F1 | = Protection de bobinage thermique |
| K1 | = Relais pour l'indication des défauts |
| M1 | = Compresseur |
| M2 | = Ventilateur du condenseur |
| M4 | = Ventilateur de l'évaporateur |
| P1 | = Potentiomètre de la valeur de consigne |

Electrical Connection by Customer:

| | |
|-----|---|
| X3 | = Raccordement de la sonde de température |
| X10 | = Borne plate de raccordement |
| X10 | = L1, L2/N, PE = Raccordement au réseau brun = L1 (phase) bleu = L2/N (neutre) vert/jaune = PE (mise à la terre) |
| X10 | = 3, 4, 5 = Connexion de la signalisation de défaut |

NL Aansluitschema microcontroller

| | |
|-------|---|
| A1 | = Hoofdstroomprint |
| B1 | = Temperatuursensor interne temp. |
| C1-C2 | = Motorcondensator |
| D1 | = Storings-LED rood |
| D2 | = Storings-LED groen |
| 1F1 | = Thermische beveiliging van de wikkeling |
| K1 | = Storingsrelais |
| M1 | = Compressor |
| M2 | = Condensorventilator |
| M4 | = Verdamperventilator |
| P1 | = Temperatuurinstellingspotentiometer |

Elektrische aansluiting door klant:

| | |
|-----|---|
| X3 | = Aansluiting temperatuurvoeler |
| X10 | = Klemmenstrook |
| X10 | = L1, L2/N, PE = netaansluiting bruin = L1 (Fase) blauw = L2/N (Nul) groen/geel = PE (Aarde) |
| X10 | = 3, 4, 5 = algemene storingsindicatie |

S Anslutningsschema microcontroller

| | |
|-------|------------------------------------|
| A1 | = Drivkort |
| B1 | = Temperaturgivare innertemperatur |
| C1-C2 | = Startkondensator |
| D1 | = Störsignal-LED röd |
| D2 | = Drift-LED grön |
| 1F1 | = Termiskt lindningsskydd |
| K1 | = Samlingsrelä felsignaler |
| M1 | = Kompressor |
| M2 | = Kondensorfläkt |
| M4 | = Förångarfläkt |
| P1 | = Borvardepotentiometer |

Ansluts av kund:

| | |
|-----|---|
| X3 | = Anslutning temperaturgivare |
| X10 | = kopplingsplint |
| X10 | = L1, L2/N, PE = nätslutning brun = L1 (Fas) blå = L2/N (Nolla) grön/gul = PE (Jord) |
| X10 | = 3, 4, 5 = samlingsstörnings-anslutning |

I Schema allacciamenti microcontrollore

| | |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| A1 | = Scheda di potenza |
| B1 | = Sonda temperatura interna |
| C1-C2 | = Condensatore d'esercizio |
| D1 | = Segnalazioni guasti LED rosso |
| D2 | = Funzionamento LED verde |
| 1F1 | = Protezione termica avvolgimento |
| K1 | = Relè segnalatore guasti |
| M1 | = Compressore |
| M2 | = Ventilatore del condensatore |
| M4 | = Ventilatore dell'evaporatore |
| P1 | = Valore nominale del potenziometro |

Connessioni elettriche a cure del cliente:

| | |
|-----|--|
| X3 | = Allacciamento sonda termosensibile |
| X10 | = Morsettiera d'allacciamento |
| X10 | = L1, L2/N, PE = Allacciamento rete marrone = L1 (fase) azzurro = L2/N (neutro) verde/giallo = PE (terra) |
| X10 | = 3, 4, 5 = Segnalatore comune disturbi |

E Esquema de conexiones del microprocesador

| | |
|-------|--|
| A1 | = Pletina de potencia |
| B1 | = Sonda térmica de la temp. en el interior del armario |
| C1-C2 | = Condensador electrolítico de servicio |
| D1 | = Indicador rojo de avería |
| D2 | = Indicador verde de funcionamiento |
| 1F1 | = Protección térmica del devanado |
| K1 | = Relé de fallo |
| M1 | = Compresor |
| M2 | = Ventilador del condensador |
| M4 | = Ventilador del evaporador |
| P1 | = Potenciómetro de ajuste |

Connexión por parte del cliente:

| | |
|-----|---|
| X3 | = Conexión de la sonda térmica |
| X10 | = Regleta de bornes |
| X10 | = L1, L2/N, PE = Conexión de red |
| X10 | = 3, 4, 5 = Bornes de conexión (señal avería) |

J

Anschlußschema

Wiring Diagram

Schéma électrique

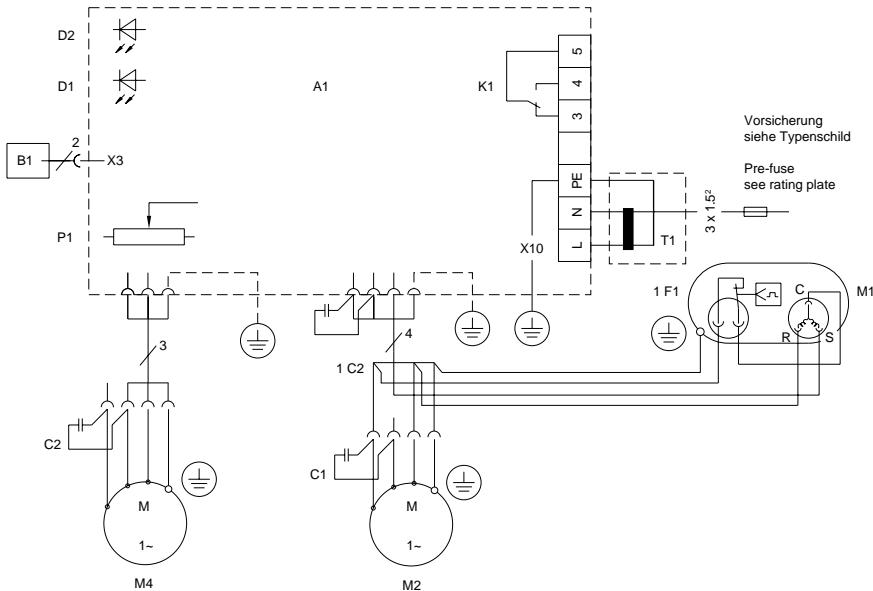
Aansluitschema

Anslutningsschema

Schema allacciamenti

Esquema de conexiones

接続図面



Kontaktdaten K1

Contact Data K1

Caractéristiques des contacts K1

Contactgegevens K1

Kontaktdaten K1

Caratteristiche dei contatti K1

Características del contacto K1

接続データ K1

| AC cosf = 1 | DV L/R = 40 ms |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| I max. = 5 A | I min. = 10 mA |
| U max. = 230 V | U max. = 100 V ! |
| I max. = 200 mA | I max. = 20 V ! |
| I max. = 5 A | I max. = 5 A |

Montage von externem Transformator

Fixing the external transformer

Montage du transformateur extérieur

Montage van externe transformator

Montage av extern transformator

Montaggio del trasformatore esterno

Montaje de un transformador externo

Montage Geräterückwand

Mounting the rear panel

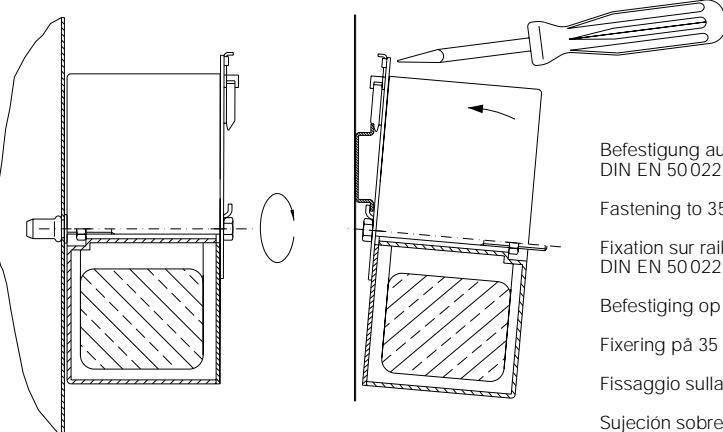
Montage du panneau arrière

Montage achterwand van het aggregaat

Montage aggregats-bakstykke

Montaggio sulla parete posteriore

Montaje en el dorsal



Befestigung auf 35 mm Tragschiene
DIN EN 50022

Fastening to 35 mm support rail DIN EN 50022

Fixation sur rail de support de 35 mm
DIN EN 50022

Befestiging op 35 mm DIN EN 50 022 draagprofiel

Fixering på 35 mm profilskena DIN EN 50 022

Fissaggio sulla guida 35 mm DIN EN 50 022

Sujeción sobre guías de 35 mm DIN EN 50 022

D
10. Ersatzteilliste

| Bezeichnung |
|---------------------|
| 15 Versandbeutel |
| 45 Lamellengitter |
| 40 Microcontroller |
| 70 Temperaturfühler |
| 5/10 Ventilator |
| 1 Verdichter |
| 90 Verdampfer |
| 100 Verflüssiger |
| 25 Filtertrockner |

GB
10. Spares List

| Description |
|-----------------------|
| 15 Dispatch bag |
| 45 Louvre grille |
| 40 Microcontroller |
| 70 Temperature sensor |
| 5/10 Fan |
| 1 Compressor |
| 90 Evaporator |
| 100 Liquefier |
| 25 Filter dryer |

F
10. Liste des pièces détachées

| Désignation |
|---------------------------|
| 15 Pochette d'accessoires |
| 45 Grille à lamelles |
| 40 Microprocesseur |
| 70 Sonde de température |
| 5/10 Ventilateur |
| 1 Compresseur |
| 90 Evaporateur |
| 100 Condenseur |
| 25 Assècheur de filtre |

NL
10. Onderdelenlijst

| Omschrijving |
|----------------------|
| 15 Toebehorenzakje |
| 45 Ventilatierooster |
| 40 Microcontroller |
| 70 Temperatuurvoeler |
| 5/10 Ventilator |
| 1 Compressor |
| 90 Verdampfer |
| 100 Condensor |
| 25 Filterdroger |

S
10. Reservdelarlista

| Beteckning |
|---------------------|
| 15 Tillbehörspråse |
| 45 Lamellgitter |
| 40 Microkontroll |
| 70 Temperaturgivare |
| 5/10 Fläkt |
| 1 Kompressor |
| 90 Förängare |
| 100 Kondensor |
| 25 Torkfilter |

I
10. Lista parti di ricambio

| Descrizione |
|-------------------------|
| 15 Sacchetto accessori |
| 45 Griglia a lamelle |
| 40 Microcontrollore |
| 70 Sonda termosensibile |
| 5/10 Ventilatore |
| 1 Compressore |
| 90 Evaporatore |
| 100 Condensatore |
| 25 Filtro essiccatore |

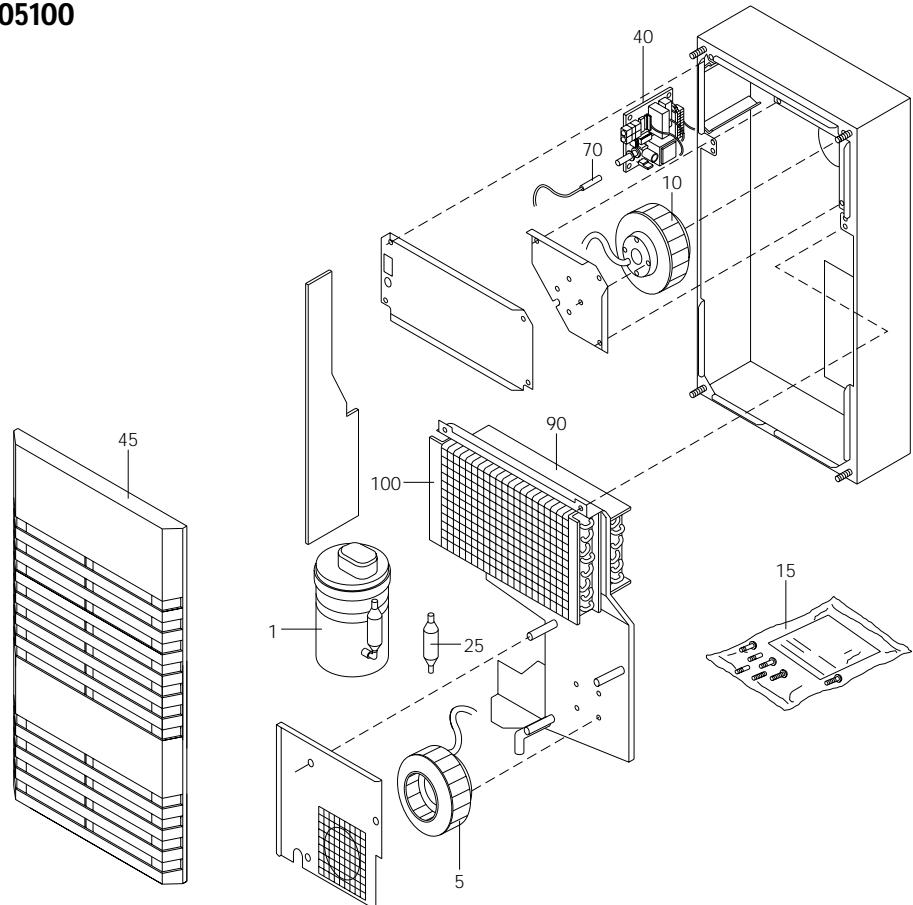
E
10. Lista de piezas de repuesto

| Descripción |
|------------------------|
| 15 Bolsa de accesorios |
| 45 Rejilla |
| 40 Microcontrolador |
| 70 Sensor térmico |
| 5/10 Ventilador |
| 1 Compresor |
| 90 Evaporador |
| 100 Condensador |
| 25 Secador del filtro |

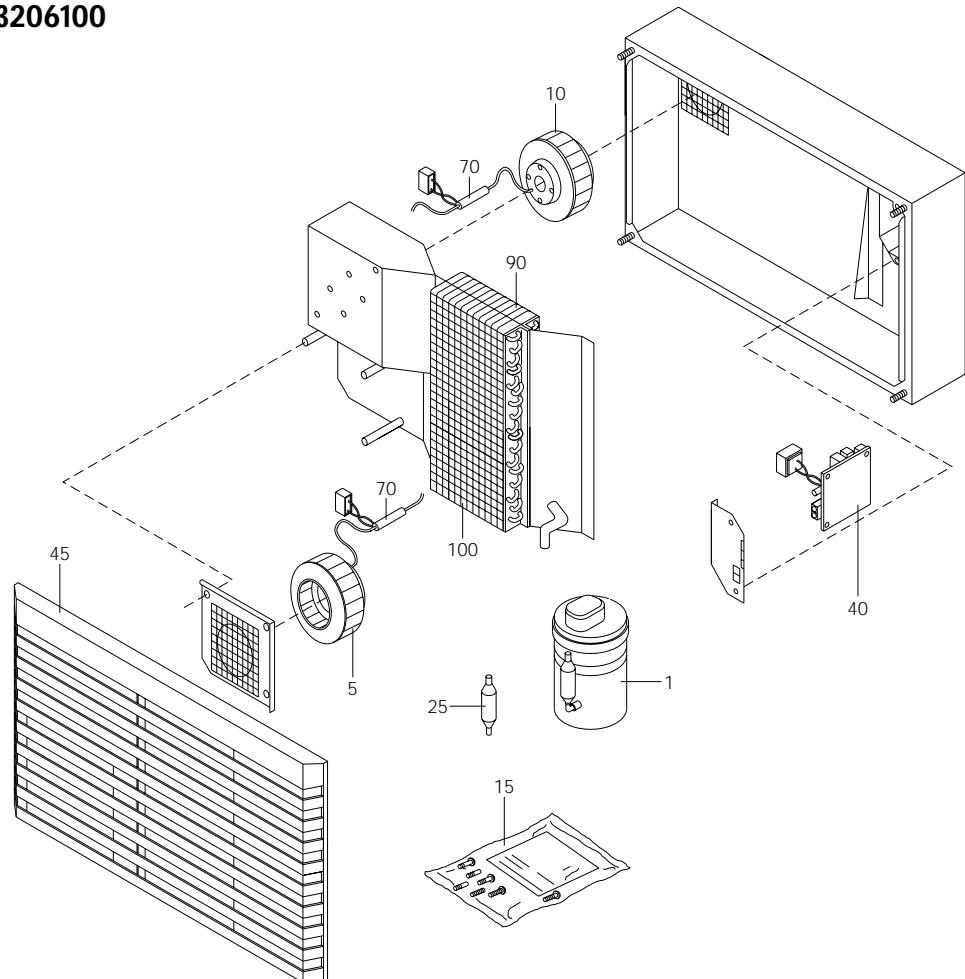
J
10.

| |
|------|
| 15 |
| 45 |
| 40 |
| 70 |
| 5/10 |
| 1 |
| 90 |
| 100 |
| 25 |

SK 3203100/3205100



SK 3204100/3206100



Kennlinienfeld (DIN 3168)

Performance Diagram

Diagramme des lignes caractéristiques

Karakteristiek

Karakteristik kurva

Diagramma delle curve caratteristiche

Diagrama de potencia

冷却能力線図

Q_k = Dauer-Nutzkühleistung (W)

Cooling output

Puissance frigorifique utilisée

Nuttig koelvermogen

Kyleffekt

Potenza frigorifera utile

Potencia útil de refrigeración

冷却能力

T_i = Schaltschrank-Innentemperatur (°C)

Ambient internal temperature

Temperature a l'intérieur de l'armoire

Temperatuur in de kast

Temperatur innen i skäpet

Temperatura interna dell'armadio

Temperatura interior del armario de mando

内部温度 (蒸発器入口温度)

T_u = Umgebungstemperatur (°C)

Ambient temperature

Température ambiante

Omgevingstemperatuur

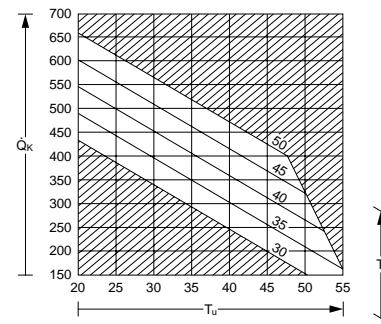
Omgivningstemperatur

Temperatura ambiente

Temperatura ambiente

外部温度 (凝縮器入口温度)

Kennlinienfeld SK 3203100/3205100 (DIN 3168) (50 Hz)

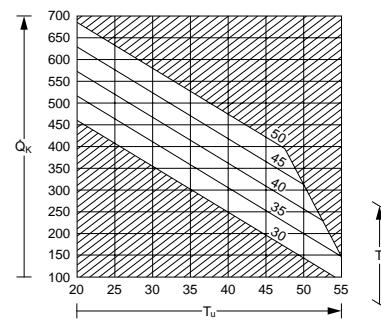


T_u = Umgebungstemperatur (°C)

Q_k = Dauer-Nutzkühleistung (W)

T_i = Schaltschrank-Innentemperatur (°C)

Kennlinienfeld SK 3203100/3205100 (DIN 3168) (60 Hz)

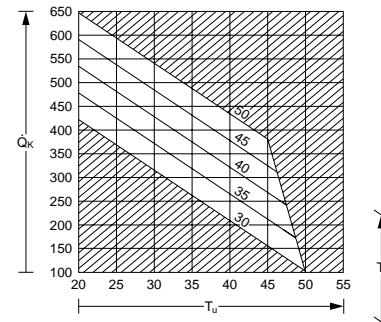


T_u = Umgebungstemperatur (°C)

Q_k = Dauer-Nutzkühleistung (W)

T_i = Schaltschrank-Innentemperatur (°C)

Kennlinienfeld SK 3204100/3206100 (DIN 3168) (50 Hz)



T_u = Umgebungstemperatur (°C)

Q_k = Dauer-Nutzkühleistung (W)

T_i = Schaltschrank-Innentemperatur (°C)

Kennlinienfeld SK 3204100/3206100 (DIN 3168) (60 Hz)



T_u = Umgebungstemperatur (°C)

Q_k = Dauer-Nutzkühleistung (W)

T_i = Schaltschrank-Innentemperatur (°C)